Doomsday Method Cheatsheet

Basic Principles

Doomsdays

The following days will always share the same weekday as doomsday

The pairs

 \rightarrow 4.4,6.6,8.8,10.10 & 12.12

I work 9 to 5 in a 7/11 \rightarrow 5.9,9.5,7.11 & 11.7

Special days

- → 3.1 (4.1 in a leap year) → 28.2 (29.2 in a leap year) → 4.7 (Independence day)
- → 31.10 (Halloween)
- \rightarrow 26.12 (Boxing day)

Centuries

Remember the pattern for the doomsdays every 100 years: Sunday, Friday, Wednesday, Tuesday.

1700: Sunday 1800: Friday 1900: Wednesday 2000: Tuesday 2100: Sunday 2200: Friday

Days

Sunday → Noneday (0) Monday → Oneday (1)Tuesday → Twosday (2)Wednesday → Threesday(3) Thursday \rightarrow Foursday (4) → Fivesday (5) Friday Saturday → Sixaday (6)

Key Years

xx00, xx28, xx56, xx84

<u>Steps to get the weekday</u>

(example: 11. April 2020)

1. Step: Century Doomsday

To find the Doomsday of the century, we need to remember the pattern for the Doomsday of the centuries that repeats every 400 years.

In our example, the Doomsday for the century 2000 is a Tuesday (Twosday), which converts to a 2.

2. Step: Year Doomsday

Get the sum of:

- 1. Step Result
- Century Years
- Century Leap Years

Example:

$$2 + 20 + (20 / 4) = 27$$

Convert the result to a weekday using remainder 7

Example:

27 % 7 = 6 \rightarrow Saturday

3. Step Final Weekday

Find the closest doomsday

Example:

4. April → Saturday

Adjust from the Doomsday to the date.

Example:

In this case we will need to add 7 days (11 - 4) to a Saturday, what will result in 11. April 2020 also being a Saturday.

